|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Addition Property of Zero <br> Chapter 3 | algebraic expression |
| Associative Properties of Addition and Multiplication | coefficient <br> Chapter 3 |
| Commutative Properties of Addition and Multiplication <br> Chapter 3 | constant <br> Chapter 3 |
| Distributive Property <br> Chapter 3 | equivalent expressions <br> Chapter 3 |

## Vocabulary Flash Cards

An expression that contains numbers, operations, and one or more symbols

$$
8+x, 6 \times a-b
$$

The numerical factor of a term that contains a variable

In the algebraic expression $6 k+8,6$ is the coefficient of the term $6 k$.

The sum of any number and 0 is that number.

$$
5+0=5
$$

Changing the grouping of addends or factors does not change the sum or product.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (3+4)+5=3+(4+5) \\
& (3 \bullet 4) \cdot 5=3 \bullet(4 \bullet 5)
\end{aligned}
$$

A term without a variable

In the expression $2 x+8$, the term 8 is a constant.

Changing the order of addends or factors does not change the sum or product.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2+8=8+2 \\
& 2 \bullet 8=8 \bullet 2
\end{aligned}
$$

Expressions with the same value

$$
7+4,4+7
$$

To multiply a sum or difference by a number, multiply each number in the sum or difference by the number outside the parentheses. Then evaluate.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3(12+9)=3(12)+3(9) \\
& 3(12-9)=3(12)-3(9)
\end{aligned}
$$



## Vocabulary Flash Cards

Terms of an algebraic expression that have the same variables raised to the same exponents

4 and $8,2 x$ and $7 x$

Writing a numerical expression or algebraic expression as a product of factors

$$
5 x-15=5(x-3)
$$

The product of any number and 0 is 0 .
The product of any number and 1 is that number.
$5 \bullet 0=0$
$6 \cdot 1=6$

A symbol that represents one or more numbers
$x$ is a variable in $2 x+1$.

